

THE ANDERSON INTELLIGENCER

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The Weather. Washington, Sept. 19.—Forecast: South Carolina—Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

Buy a bale. Sell a bale. Store a bale. Avoid "voldaveel."

The pluck of Anderson is the marvel of the state. Dum dum bullets are soft on the nose. So is a mule.

Bales of cotton may soon be as scarce as hen's eggs. It's all over but the fighting, and then some more fighting.

Zepellins are not crinolines—though mightily inflated. The man who has alfalfa and cattle is good to get rich.

Attacks on tax on soft drinks have carried the day in congress. Get vaccinated. Buy a bale and it will not bother you any more.

One fake war story is that the Irishmen are being urged to fight. Can't we get a football game here and arouse some real war spirit?

St. Nicholas gets his toys in Germany, but Czar Nicholas doesn't. The difference between a debutante and a suffragette is about 20 years.

When the winter falls on Europe it will start the little boys to reciting "Hohen Linden." Reported that the Germans are trying to come back to France on account of their interest in Nancy.

"Dago Frank" is a bad name to apply to any one, for the original of the moniker was an assassin. No road in Anderson county could be worse than some city streets. Split log drags are good for town and country.

The American snobs who were caught in Europe by the war and put on, so many airs were fooling none but themselves. The buy-a-bale movement seems to have a fine effect at least temporarily. Now for some permanent cure for the evil of surplus.

Willie, der Kaiser, is said to have a lot of money invested in the United States—in case of trouble. It may be a run for the money. Well, it is bad enough to have to go to college, but to be all swathed up in football togs in this kind of weather is as bad as war.

The eloquent silence of John Lind made no impression on Sir Lionel Cluden, who was stooped out of the Mexican game by the umpire. Some folks say that the proper thing to do is to get those Chesterfield legislators to resign and let W. F. Stevenson and W. P. Pollock go in their places.

The Anheuser-Busch people have informed the public that they will put \$100,000 into 10-cent cotton—wile or loss. If they make a profit it will go to the Red Cross. That's the best way to do with beer money.

FOR POLAND'S FREEDOM

While the attention of the world is riveted upon the occurrences of the war, there are occasionally moments when we think of the possibility of the liberation and the liberties of certain peoples. Belgium, Luxembourg, Switzerland, have managed to keep out of the maw of the greedy empires and are yet independent countries. What will become of them? Is Mars forging chains and fetters for a now freed people and is Vulcan preparing a bed of iron for them to lay their weary bones upon? And what shall become of Poland? That is one country, like Ireland, that has ever appealed to the sentimental instinct of the people of the United States.

Poland was the native land of Kosciusko and Pulaski; two splendid soldiers who helped the United States to achieve her independence. Kosciusko attracted the attention of George Washington and he became a brigadier general of engineers in the United States army. On his return to Poland, he became in 1794 general in command of the Polish army which was trying to free itself from Russia. He won several victories, but finally was wounded and his cause failed. He remained in prison for two years, and was then liberated, but he never again was permitted to see his beloved Poland. After his death his body was returned in state to Poland, and his memory was honored by the emperor of Russia.

The Count Casimir Pulaski was exiled in 1872 and became commander of the cavalry of the United States army in the South in the War of the Revolution. In the siege of Savannah he was killed, and in that beautiful city today there are streets and parks and other places bearing the name of this gallant patriot who shed his blood in the name of liberty.

Poland lost her independence about the time that the United States was gaining hers, and this once proud and wealthy kingdom was partitioned among the greedy nations surrounding—Austria, Germany and Russia. The Kingdom of Poland is but a name. The autonomic institutions have been swept away and the country has been Russified in language, laws and education.

Poland is a country of great culture. Among its universities are Cracow, one of the oldest and most historic in the world; Posen and Warsaw. The libraries of the world contain few greater works than "Quo Vadis," written by the eminent novelist Sienkiewicz, who was taken prisoner by the Russians a few days ago. There have been many great philosophers among the Poles and the heliocentric theory of the solar system was discovered by a Pole—Nicholas Copernicus. Josephus Strus, a Polish scientist of the 16th century was the greatest authority on the circulation of the blood and Madame Cure, the discoverer of radium is today one of the greatest of living Polish people. Poland has given to art, Wit Stwosz, the Michael Angelo of that race; Fryderyk Chopin, Henryk Wieniawski, Ignace Jan Paderewski and Josef Hoffman, all great in the world of music, and Helen Modjewska, the greatest Shakespearean actress.

The civilization of Poland is of a high order of the nation not yet stolen by predatory powers, there are 10,000,000 inhabitants. These people wish to be free. The outcome of this war will mean the freedom of Poland or a serfdom more abject, but the signs of the times are that absolute monarchies are riding to a fall and that constitutional monarchies or democracies may make up the new map of Europe.

USE MORE COTTON

"We would produce 1,300 bales of staple cotton to produce all the yardage needed for the products of our mills if cotton cloth could be used exclusively. If one feed mill consumes that quantity, you can easily understand the effect if all mills, bag factories an consumers will give the question proper attention." Thus writes the M. C. Peters Mill Company, of Omaha, Nebraska. This company realizing the necessity of the South, has made war on jute and burlap and not only will use nothing but cotton bags but is writing to the other manufacturers and millers in all parts of the United States and is urging them to do the same thing. The South needs a home market for cotton products as Europe is cut off and South America has no money. Millions of pounds of cotton might be manufactured into 40 inch goods, to contain feed, sugar, salt, coffee, rice, beans and other such articles of merchandise. At present they are shipped in burlap bags made of jute, shipped from India. At present shins cannot bring the jute in such enormous yardage as is needed and this opens up a field for a suitable substitute for jute.

HE WAS NOT EMPLOYED

In justice to S. M. McAdams, this paper wishes to say that he was not employed to solicit subscriptions, or to do any work for The Intelligencer. Whatever work he may or may not have done, was to assist a member of his family to get a prize. He was accused of trying to get persons to stop taking other papers. We have heard that this was not proved. McAdams' work for this paper was infinitesimal compared with the work done by some public officials for the newspaper that started the fight on McAdams. An employe of the United States government and one official of this city have for months done a large part of the reportorial and editorial work for the only other paper in the city. The Intelligencer pays taxes and its stockholders pay taxes and yet we have not made complaint that we are contributing in part to the employment of help for our local contemporary, an advantage which we do not enjoy.

DEATH OF JOHN ESKEW

Anderson county has lost one of her best men. The death of John Eskew removes a citizen who was a credit to his state. Honest, modest and unassuming, he was yet one of the sterling characters that make a state great. He will be missed more and more in the years to come, but he has left behind a clear record and an example of thrift, progress and spotless character.

A GOOD SUGGESTION

Feaster Vandiver Tribble was a valuable citizen. He was always doing something for Anderson, and he had in view some big things for the T. P. A. to do this winter.

His sudden death was such a shock that the community does not even yet realize that he is gone. We have heard it said that the local post of the T. P. A. should and probably will do something to show its love for the man who made this post known throughout the United States.

"BOSE" CREWS TO GO TO JAIL

Unless He Purges Himself of the Charge of Contempt of Court

Laurens, Sept. 19.—Just before court adjourned Saturday, Solicitor R. A. Cooper called up the contempt case pending against W. T. Crews, magistrate of Laurens township. The solicitor reviewed the case, citing the fact that a rule to show why the magistrate should not be held for contempt of court because of his alleged failure to make an accounting of his books to the county authorities was issued last March. A return to the rule was made, and Crews was granted an extension of time until this term of court.

The presentation of the case by the grand jury at this court showed a shortage in the office of accounts of about \$570. Council for the magistrate made an oral statement and waived the presence of the officer in court whereupon the judge adjudged the magistrate in contempt and sentenced him to six months in jail, sentence however, being suspended 20 days in order to allow him to settle the shortage.

Crews is a son of the late Col. T. B. Crews and was appointed magistrate under the present administration. He has always been a partisan in politics, and two years ago he started at Greenwood a political paper known as the News-Schmittar. It lasted through the political campaign and was bitter against Judge Ira B. Jones. Crews was at one time a beer dispenser in Laurens county.

THE SMALL ARMS USED

Special articles in the War Manual of the World's Work Magazine furnish the following information: The German infantry uses the Mauser magazine rifle model of 1898, calibre .311, firing a "split ball," pointed like a lead pencil; velocity 2,700 foot-seconds; sight range up to 2,000 yards. Cavalry uses Mauser magazine carbine and carries lances. French infantry uses the Lebel magazine rifle, .315 calibre, and the cavalry has a carbine of the same make. The Russian small arm for infantry is a "3-line" rifle, 1901 pattern, holding 5 cartridges; calibre .299; velocity 2,635 foot-seconds; sight range up to 2,000 yards. Similar arm for the cavalry but with shorter barrel and with a bayonet used by no other mounted troops. Austrian infantry small arm, the Mannlicher magazine rifle, 1896 model, calibre .315. Cavalry, carbine of same make. Italy has for its regular infantry the Mannlicher-Carcano magazine rifle but the territorials still use the old Vetterli. British infantry and cavalry use the Lee-Enfield rifle, calibre .303. The Belgians have the Mauser rifle, as have the Servians, the latter using the model of 1897. Bulgaria has the Mannlicher rifle and carbine, and 20 has Romanians. The Crocks use the Mannlicher-Schomauer rifle, model of 1903.

CLOSING SESSION OF THE CRIMINAL COURT

MUCH WORK HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED

MANY CONVICTIONS

Anderson Juries Seem to Have Done their Duty and Many Changing Sentences

The term of criminal court for Anderson county which came to a close yesterday afternoon was one of the most successful from the State's viewpoint, held in this county in some time. An unprecedented number of convictions resulted from this term of court and it is believed that better order will prevail for some time to come.

The court of general sessions, with his honor, Presiding Judge Memminger on the bench, concluded all of the jury cases Friday and yesterday was taken up with sentences and with hearing appeals. The following is the record of what was accomplished at yesterday's session.

In the case of Oz Bozeman, who faced trial at this session on the charge of murder, an order of discharge was granted, the defendant having been acquitted.

Will Belcher was admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000. Belcher was tried at his term on the charge of murder and a mistrial resulted.

J. A. Brock served notice of an appeal, following his conviction on two counts and was granted bail in the sum of \$1,000.

An order of dismissal was granted in the case of Alfred Grant.

An order dismissing the appeal was granted in the case of the Town of Pendleton versus Dave Hicks.

Abe Knox was admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000, pending an appeal to the supreme court of South Carolina.

An order reversing the decision of the Magistrate was granted in the case of Ned Harris.

An order reversing the Magistrate was granted in the case of Henry Holly.

An order affirming the decision of the court and dismissing the appeal was granted in the case of the Town of Belton versus Andrew Jefferson.

An order reversing the Magistrate was granted in the case of Frank Walker, alias Frank Black.

In the case of Claude Poore, who was convicted on the charge of manslaughter following his trial for murder, the sentence of the court was that the defendant be confined at hard labor for a space of five years.

Sentence of three years at hard labor was passed on Ulysses Davis, who was convicted on the charge of manslaughter, following his trial for the killing of Jim Emerson in North Anderson.

All told, there were 33 cases tried at this term of court and the following is a brief summary of what was accomplished.

Abe Knox, convicted of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 or to serve 30 days.

George Parks was convicted of larceny and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 or to serve for 30 days.

Milton Lattimer was sentenced to 3 months on the chain-gang, following his conviction on the charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses.

Ben Tate was sentenced to three months or a fine of \$100 for violating the dispensary law.

Harley Howard was sentenced to 5 years on the public works following his conviction on the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill.

J. A. Brock was convicted on a charge of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature and sentenced to serve two months on the gang.

A. Brock was sentenced to serve 30 days or pay a fine of \$100 for carrying concealed weapons.

Julius Davis was given three years on a charge of manslaughter.

T. Williams was sentenced to serve 10 years for arson.

Jack Sanders was convicted on a charge of housebreaking and larceny and was sentenced to 18 months.

Claude Poore was sentenced to serve five years for manslaughter.

Ed Collins was sentenced to \$100 or 30 days for violating the dispensary law.

Albert Sharping was sentenced to 5 years in the reformatory.

Owens Williams was sentenced to 6 months for larceny.

Floyd Gambrell was sentenced to 12 months for housebreaking and larceny.

W. Williams was given 6 months for housebreaking and larceny.

Joe Elandon was convicted of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature and was sentenced to three months or a fine of \$50.

Will Randall was given 30 days or a fine of \$100 for carrying concealed weapons.

Newell Williams was sentenced to 18 months for larceny.

Robert Smith was given 30 days or a fine of \$100 for carrying concealed weapons.

LADIES AGREE TO MOVE GUN

Local Chapter of The D. A. R. Has Written They are Willing to Move Treasure

That the historic old landmark, the cannon in the center of North Main street, will be moved within the next few days is now a settled fact, since the members of the Daughters of the American Revolution have given their consent.

A movement has been on foot for sometime to get the cannon moved to some more appropriate place, but the objections on the part of a few of the ladies of the city and some of the men held the project back. However, all have finally come around and it is now proposed to move the cannon to a new location on River street. This is the site recently donated to the ladies of the Civic association and it is understood that the Civic association has agreed to make a small park out of the triangle, and to install the cannon in the center, and to make the place beautiful with flowers, a lawn and shrubs.

The following letter was received yesterday at the chamber of commerce:

317 McDuffie Street, Anderson, S. C. Chamber of Commerce, Anderson, S. C. Gentlemen:

Your note was received today and the proposed location of the cannon will be entirely satisfactory to the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Our object is accomplished when the cannon is properly cared for and safely placed.

Very truly yours, Mrs. J. R. Vandiver.

The Charleston and Western Carolina railway will operate cheap excursion Sept. 22nd to the following points at rates and with limits named: To Jacksonville, Fla., \$7.00, Sept. 29th; Savannah, Ga. \$4.00, Sept. 27th; Tampa, Fla., \$9.00, October 1st. For further information call on ticket Agent or write,

ERNEST WILLIAMS, G. P. A. Augusta, Ga.

Diarrhoea Remedy.

"I advised the 'boys' when they enlisted for the Spanish war to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with them, and have received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Eldon, Iowa. "No person whether traveling or at home should be without this great remedy." For sale by all dealers.

DeVant Wilson was committed to the reformatory.

In the case of Will Belcher, charged with murder, a mistrial resulted.

The following cases were tried and resulted in verdicts of not guilty: Will Chester, charged with throwing rocks into a train.

Oz Bozeman charged with murder. Alfred Gantt, charged with larceny.

It is understood that this places the docket in splendid shape and that Solicitor Kurtz P. Smith is well pleased with what he accomplished at this term.

Report of the Condition of CITIZEN'S NATIONAL BANK

at Anderson in the state of South Carolina at the close of business, September 12, 1914.

Table with Resources and Liabilities columns. Resources include Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U.S. Bonds, All other stocks, Banking house furniture and fixtures, Due from state and private banks and bankers, trust companies and savings, In other reserve cities, Checks and other cash items, Exchanges for clearing house, Notes of other national banks, Fractional paper currency, Legal money reserve in bank, Special deposits, Federal tender notes, Redemption fund with U.S. Treas., 5 per cent of circulation. Total resources: 678,820.77.

Table with Liabilities column. Liabilities include Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, National notes outstanding, Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid, Due to other Nat'l banks, Dividends unpaid, Individual deposits subject to check, Demand certificates on deposit, Cashier's checks outstanding, Bills payable including obligations representing money borrowed. Total liabilities: 678,820.77.

Total of South Carolina, County of Anderson. I, J. F. Shumate, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. F. SHUMATE, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of September, 1914. J. E. SULLIVAN, Notary Public.

Correct Attest: J. S. McCall, J. H. Anderson, T. P. Wetzel.



You realize that comfort in clothes is mental as well as physical; if you don't feel right in the clothes they don't feel right on you.

The only way to get comfort in clothes is to get clothes that are made for comfort.

The right style, the correct fit, the right quality create comfort. That's the kind of clothes we have for you.

Pay say \$20 for one of our fall suits. Then you'll know what comfort in clothes is.

Order by Parcel Post. We prepay all charges.

B.D. Crandall Co. 'The Store with a Conscience'

ONLY BIG Anderson Thurs- Oct. 8 Show Coming day....

Advertisement for Ringling Bros Circus and Colossal Production. Features Solomon and the Queen of Sheba, 1250 Characters, 500 Dancing Girls, Chorus of 400 Voices, Orchestra of 90 and 735 Horses. Includes details about the show's history and ticket information.